

The paper that is serving the best interests of Washington and accomplishing results with its service is The Washington Herald.

THE WASHINGTON HERALD

"Dwig's" cartoons, which appear daily in The Herald, evoke smiles from every man because they mirror his own boyhood days.

NO. 3848.

WEATHER—PARTLY CLOUDY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., SUNDAY, MAY 6, 1917.

TWO CENTS

SUBMARINE MENACE MET BY INVENTION OF EDISON BOARD

Plan Will Narrow the Zone of Ruthlessness—Embodies Both Offensive and Defensive Features.

(By The International News Service.) New York, May 5.—A program to stop the ravages of German submarines on maritime commerce has been submitted to the government by the Naval Advisory Board. This was announced today by W. L. Saunders, chairman of the board. He said the plan, in his opinion, was a practical solution of the U-boat problem. He said it was not purely theoretical, but that it had been proved by actual tests along the Atlantic coast.

The scheme is not merely a defensive measure against the submarine. Mr. Saunders said it called for "offensive operations on an extensive scale."

Thomas A. Edison, who is president of the board, did not originate the scheme, Mr. Saunders said. But the inventive wizard, he said, had been working tirelessly to perfect its many phases.

Since the declaration of war against Germany Mr. Edison and his assistants have been trying thousands of schemes suggested to block Germany's undersea warfare, now admittedly the greatest menace to the European allies and their new American partner, the United States.

Edisonian Practicality.

Behind the program submitted to the Navy Department is all of Edison's skill in accomplishing the seemingly impossible. Announcement of the scheme by the chairman of the board dispelled doubts that it might be merely another academic idea devoid of practical use.

CONTINUED ON PAGE FOUR.

NAVY NETTLED AT PUBLICITY

Officials Are Highly Indignant Over Announcement of U-Boat Antidote.

Navy Department officials last night were highly indignant because of the announcement by W. L. Saunders, chairman of the Naval Consulting Board, in New York City yesterday that a device had been obtained which practically guaranteed the destruction of the German submarine menace.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels urged all newspaper men and all editors to refrain from publishing anything, even speculation, as to the nature of the invention. At the same time, every official of the department was warned that he would have to face serious consequences if he permitted further information as to the nature of the invention or its capabilities to get into print, because of the urgent necessity of keeping the details of the invention from the hands of alien enemies.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels tried several times to get Mr. Saunders on the phone, but failed. The Secretary said he understood from press dispatches that Mr. Saunders was forwarding a report to him but that he had not received the report.

Pressed for confirmation of Mr. Saunders' statement, Secretary Daniels said he could give no details.

"We have no doubt that the antidote for the submarine menace will be found," said Mr. Daniels, "but when some plan device has been worked out, it must be kept secret. The submarine problem has been solved before the Navy Department will make any announcement."

Notwithstanding the "bottling up" of all information concerning the invention, Navy Department officials late yesterday freely expressed their elation at the discovery. No secret was made of the fact that tremendously important results were expected.

Just who discovered the new submarine destroyer has not been revealed here, but it is understood that Thomas A. Edison had a large part in perfecting the scheme.

Herald Sunday Sermon
By Rev. G. A. Luttrell

The sermon in this Sunday's Herald is by Rev. G. A. Luttrell, pastor of the Lincoln Road M. E. Church, Lincoln Avenue corner of U Street northeast.

Rev. Mr. Luttrell was born in Jonesboro, Tenn. He received his early education in the Washington Public Schools, and is a graduate of the Central High School of this city. He was ordained a minister in 1906. His first charge was in Williamsport, Md., where he remained for four years.

Mr. Luttrell has been pastor of the Lincoln Road M. E. Church for three years, assuming charge when the church was a mere portable structure. Under his patient guidance the congregation has grown more than 50 per cent.

The subject of Rev. Mr. Luttrell's sermon, written expressly for the Sunday Washington Herald, is "America's Great Men," or "Nails Driven by Masters," taken from the text found in Ecclesiastes XII: "The words of the wise are as goads, or as nails driven by masters of assemblies."

The sermon will be found on page 11.

Edison "Too Busy" To Meet Missions

(By International News Service.) New York, May 5.—The announcement of W. L. Saunders that the Naval Advisory Board, of which he is chairman, had solved the U-boat problem explains the thoroughly characteristic enigmatic telegrams from Thomas A. Edison to Washington when he was invited to attend the reception to the French and British missions. Robert Lansing, Secretary of State, telegraphed an invitation.

"Too busy," replied Edison.

Then Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, telegraphed Edison.

"Too busy," answered the inventor.

President Wilson sent a personal telegram himself.

"Too busy," was the answer received at the White House.

Revolts Against Carranza Break Out, Reports Declare

El Paso, Tex., May 5.—Revolts against the Carranza government are reported to have broken out in the states of Tepic, Jalisco, Guanajuato, and Irapuato, Central Mexico, according to advices received by government agents tonight.

Gen. Garcia Chavez, of the Carranza army, is reported to have denounced the rebels, and to be operating against the government in Jalisco. He has severed all communications between Guadalajara and Irapuato, the main line between the Pacific coast and Mexico City. Gen. Orozco Pena, Carranza's paymaster general, is reported to have revolted in Tepic.

Vawter Letters Fraudulent, May Be Charge of Counsel

Attorneys Are Puzzled Over Seeming Inconsistencies. Say Vawters Sat by Roadside to Drink.

(By CLEVE H. STAUFFEN.)
(Star Correspondent.)

Christiansburg, Va., May 5.—The Vawter trial is about to take another startling turn, in which an attack probably will be made upon letters written by Prof. Charles E. Vawter, the accused, to Stockton Heath, Jr., the slain, in the society-tragedy being aired in this town, in and effort to declare them fraudulent.

Gossip of such a likelihood electrified people here who have been speculating and waiting in suspense for the next sensation. Late this evening rumors to this effect were partially substantiated by good authority. Such news far overshadowed the other developments of the day.

A sprinkling of loose living again persisted in today's testimony. Slight as this reference to moral laxity was, it was nevertheless noteworthy because it recalled an incident eight years ago. The prosecution, in cross examination in rebuttal, tried to prove that, while driving along a country road one night, Mr. and Mrs. Vawter were seen to get from their buggy, sit by the side of the road, and drink liquor for several hours.

The jurors this afternoon journeyed to Blacksburg, eight miles from this place, and viewed the scene of the shooting. Such a trip seemed a master stroke for the defense, because the twelve men with whom the fate of Vawter rests, were brought face to face with a neat, well-regulated, and apparently tranquil home. There was not one of the jurymen who could help feeling that the domestic happiness will be short lived, and that the home will be disrupted whatever their verdict.

While every effort is being made to guard Mrs. Vawter from further publicity, it was learned that she is very ill as the result of a complete nervous breakdown following her bold testimony Thursday afternoon.

Following the introduction of the Vawter letters, which are second to Mrs. Vawter's testimony among

CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO.

British Torpedo Destroyer Sunk After Striking Mine

London, May 5.—Loss of a British torpedo boat destroyer was announced by the admiralty today. One officer and sixty-one men are missing. The vessel, one of the older type, struck a mine in the English channel on May 2.

GERMAN FLEET COWED

The Hague, May 5.—The possibility of a great naval engagement between the British and German fleets has been removed by the entry of the United States into the war, in the opinion of Capt. Persius, famous naval critic on the Berliner Tageblatt. A dispatch from Berlin today quoted Capt. Persius as saying that the entry of America has made the odds so overwhelmingly against Germany that the high seas fleet would have to be kept in port.

SPANELL GIVEN FIVE YEARS

Coleman, Tex., May 5.—Henry J. Spanell was convicted today of murder in the killing of Lieut. Col. M. C. Butler. Punishment was fixed at five years' imprisonment.

On February 1 Spanell was acquitted of the murder of his wife, who was shot at the same time as Col. Butler.

SNOW IN RHODE ISLAND

Providence, R. I., May 5.—Rhode Island experienced a May snow storm today.

\$1.00 to Harpers Ferry; \$1.25 to Winchester and return, Baltimore and Ohio from Washington, 3 a. m. Sunday, May 6. Returning same day.—Adv.

French Troops Sweep Forward Four Miles

Advance Along Road from Soissons to Laon, Capturing 4,300 Germans, Paris Declares..

(By The International News Service.) London, May 5.—Following up their brilliant success of yesterday when they captured Craonne, French troops today continued their advance, and despite desperate resistance by the Teutonic forces, swept along the road from Soissons to Laon, a distance of nearly four miles. This was officially announced in the French communique issued in Paris tonight.

The plateau in the neighborhood of Craonne and Corry, and the hills dominating the Ailette river valley were taken by the French soldiers. The French also captured 4,300 German prisoners. These were taken in addition to the 1,000 captured yesterday.

Today's French drive was a master stroke of strategy. On a large scale the operation was similar to that of the British, southeast of Lens a few days ago. As Sir Douglas Haig struck out for the railway leading to Douai, northern pivot of the Hindenburg line, so Gen. Nivelle today threw his troops against the German lines protecting the line running from Soissons to Laon, the southern pillar of the Teuton main front.

Both blows hit home, and the Hindenburg line is menaced at each flank, while in the center the British are tightening their noose around St. Quentin.

Emphasis is laid in the night communique from Paris upon the tenacious defense of the Teutons and the unceasing counter-attacks, marked by a reckless disregard for life.

The German losses were correspondingly frightful.

The battle raged with particular fury near the Chemin des Dames—"Road of the Ladies"—whose fair name is mocked by the carpet of blood and the bodies that now cover it.

WILSON CHEERS BALFOUR SPEECH

President and Wife Sit in Gallery While Envoy Addresses House.

Arthur James Balfour, principal secretary of state for foreign affairs of the British Empire, was accorded an ovation when he appeared before the American House of Representatives yesterday. The reception accorded Balfour and the heads of the British war mission was epochal in a sense, for it marked the first time within the memory of man when the President of the United States has occupied a gallery seat in the chamber.

The coming of the President went unnoticed until after Mr. and Mrs. Wilson had been seated in the front row of the Executive gallery for several minutes. They arrived unannounced. They were chatting together as they awaited the coming of the distinguished Britishers when Representative Glass, of Virginia, noticed them. He directed the attention of a colleague to the couple, and that started a special round of applause for the chief magistrate and his handsome wife.

Hardly had the echo of the welcome subsided when through the open door of the House, to the left of the Speaker's dais, the tall form of the white-haired representative of Imperial Britain entered.

CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO.

18,000 CHEER FRENCH PARTY

Joffre and Viviani Applauded by Chicago Crowds—Leave for Kansas City.

(By The International News Service.) Chicago, May 5.—The heart of the West went out to Gen. Joffre tonight in a tumultuous demonstration that came at the close of the French mission's visit to Chicago.

Eighteen thousand persons, jamming every inch of the great Stock Yards Amphitheater, sent crashing crescendos of cheers billowing up to the vast dome while the old gold-embroidered cap of the military attention. Eighteen thousand pairs of hands were aloft waving the flags of France and the United States.

For fully ten minutes Gen. Joffre smiled and stood at attention while wave upon wave of cheers beat in upon his ears. Then a member of the entertainment committee stepped forward with upraised hand and stilled the crowd. Gen. Joffre dropped his hand and removed his red gold-embroidered cap.

"Why, he looks just like Dewey," shouted a man in naval uniform from the section of the amphitheater reserved for Spanish-American veterans. In an instant the crowd was on its feet again screaming:

"Joffre! Joffre!"

Crowd Cheers Viviani.

Only with the greatest difficulty was quiet restored and Chairman Charles G. Dawes, former Controller of the Currency under President McKinley, presented Vice-Premier Viviani. The outburst for him nearly equalled that for Joffre.

"I bring to you the greeting of the entire French army," said Marshal Joffre, "and as I gaze down upon this sea of our united flags, I wish to say that no medal ever granted me more than this demonstration. All of France is at the battle front. It gives us inspiration to have you join us there. May we soon unite to fight together for democracy."

M. Viviani made a special appeal to the workingmen.

"I desire as my first word to salute the army, the navy, represented by the brothers of those who are already in France, and all the working class which has deserted its work today to salute France I desire to salute today."

"For months they have sought to be numb you by saying this was a war of the workingmen."

CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE.

Germany Intends to Retain Most of Belgium, Is Report

The Hague, May 5.—During debate on the future of Belgium in the Main Committee of the German Reichstag, the postulate declaration was made that Germany will retain most if not all of the conquered kingdom. This information was received in a dispatch from Berlin today.

The speaker, a member of the Progressive party, declared the annexation of Belgium by Germany could be regarded as an accomplished fact.

New War Maps Showing Battlefields Will Be Distributed By The Herald

They're here and The Washington Herald will distribute them. What, you ask? Why, war maps of the world with large scale maps of the battle fronts, full details and latest changes.

Possibly there are no citizens in the United States who are as vitally interested in the gigantic world conflagration as Washingtonians. They are, for the most part, units in the machinery of the United States government which now has entered the war arena "to make the world safe for democracy."

Washingtonians are eager to keep in touch with the movements of the various armies, to be able to visualize the exact portion of Europe on which is staged a crucial struggle, to know the elevation of the land, railroad facilities and fortifications. Each one of these features, and innumerable others, is covered in detail in a neat and compact edition of "New War Maps," which are being given their first distribution tomorrow.

There are twelve colored full-page maps and two double-page displays, one of the latter being an excellent map of Central and Western Europe, corrected to the slightest detail.

Another feature of the book of new war maps is a racial map of Europe, showing the ethnic distribution.

The map of Western Europe shows the German barred zones and safety lanes. Maps showing the war zones and the regions where fighting has been the thickest are intensified, registering every hamlet.

The "New War Maps of the World" may be obtained at The Washington Herald office.

Man Miss Rankin Beat Dies of Broken Heart

Elkhart, Ind., May 5.—Jacob T. Crull, of Roundup, Mont., who was defeated for the Republican nomination for Congress by Miss Jeannette Rankin, died today following an attempt to commit suicide here last night. He left a note saying he was broken-hearted.

Will Address Reichstag Committee—Food Riots Grip Mainz—All Bohemia Under Martial Law

(By The International News Service.) Berlin, May 5.—Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg will address the Reichstag's foreign affairs committee Tuesday on the military, political, and economic situation.

His statement is expected to include an expression regarding peace.

In substance, it is believed it will be identical with his expected reply to the conservative and Socialist interpellations regarding the nature of the German peace terms.

Amsterdam, May 5.—Serious food rioting, in which eight persons were killed when troops fired on the rioters, has occurred in Mainz, Germany, according to a report received by the Telegraph.

Because of the scarcity of food, a mob of 1,000 took part in a demonstration, in which many shops were looted.

The police were unable to check the disturbances and troops were called out. They fired into the crowd.

Eight were killed outright and many were wounded.

Five hundred of the rioters were arrested by the police.

London, May 5.—All Bohemia has been placed under martial law, according to a dispatch from Prague, the Bohemian capital, to Basle newspapers.

The dispatch, transmitted by the Geneva correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph, adds all the newspapers in Bohemia have suspended publication.

BERLIN HARD ON AMERICANS

The Hague, May 5.—It was reported from Berlin today that orders have been issued for all Americans remaining in Germany to report daily to the authorities.

MILIUKOFF STILLS PETROGRAD CRY FOR SPEEDY PEACE

Provisional Government Puts Down Counter Revolution—Confidence Vote Passed.

(By International News Service.) Petrograd, May 5.—Late tonight steps were taken for the immediate convocation of the Duma in extraordinary session. It will be the first meeting of the Russian Parliament since the March revolution.

Petrograd, May 5.—The counter revolution has been nipped in the bud. The provisional government emerged victor from a three-day struggle with the separate peace advocates.

Prof. Miliukoff, the foreign minister, is again the "man of the hour."

First he calmed a riotous throng clamoring for his death. He turned jeers into cheers and sent the demonstrators home convinced that the honor of free Russia demands above all loyalty to her allies.

Then he proceeded to tackle the executive committee of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates, which inspired the movement to overthrow the government.

With the same calm, persuasive eloquence with which he had made 2,000 soldiers lower their rifles as they threatened him with death, he pleaded before the executive committee.

Separate peace, he told them, means eternal shame. He did not offer any excuses for his note to the entente powers, assuring them that Russia will fight to the finish. On the contrary, he justified it, saying it was the only honorable course to pursue.

Together with the premier, Prince Lvoff, he declined to modify the government's stand and offered to resign "if it becomes necessary."

Pass Vote of Confidence.

The result was that the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates passed a vote of confidence in the government by a majority of thirty-five. There were 250 votes.

In his speech before the council, Miliukoff said:

"Respecting our military needs and means of continuing the war we are dependent to a great extent upon the allies, especially upon America."

"It will be an everlasting blot on our history if there should be a possibility of concluding a separate peace."

Prince Lvoff, in refusing to modify the note to the allies, said:

"The temporary government will comply with its duty and leave its past rather than take such a step, which would mean the country with very serious consequences."

"The government understands fully the responsibility it has assumed in behalf of the country, and in view of that responsibility is ready to resign if it becomes necessary."

Will Send New Note.

Late tonight it became known that the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates had virtually forced the provisional government to send a new note to the entente allies in which was characterized by them as the "imperialistic tendency" of the note of May 1 is to be disavowed.

CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO.

U. S. TO JOIN BIG WAR POOL

American Resources Will Be Apportioned Among the Entente Nations.

Resources of the United States are to be thrown into the war pool of the allies.

Late yesterday a committee was appointed to make a survey of all of the needs of the allied nations and of the resources of the United States and to apportion between the countries at war that portion of the food, munitions and industrial supplies which the United States can afford to export.

This decision was reached at a conference between Secretary of State Lansing, Secretary of Commerce Redfield, Arthur James Balfour and Lord Eustice Percy, of the British mission.

On the other hand, the allied nations, such as have been able to maintain any export trade, will pro rata their exports between the United States and the remainder of the allies.

Machinery for the distribution of the vast resources of the United States among the warring allies is already in motion.

At the head of the organization is a committee made up of Dr. E. E. Pratt, chief of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce; Lord Eustice Percy, of the British mission; and Wilbur J. Carr, chief of the Consular Division of the State Department.

Immediately a census of the resources of the United States available for export will be taken by this committee. Simultaneously the committee will be making a survey of the needs of the various allies. The two reports will then be brought together and the committee will make a pro rata distribution of the supplies.

NEW WAR MAPS OF THE WORLD

IN FOUR COLORS
ALL BATTLE FRONTS

COUPON

Presented by THE HERALD

A sixteen page set of large scale, authentic maps on extra heavy super-calendered paper for

3 COUPONS AND ONLY 25c

ADD 2 CENTS ON MAIL ORDERS

Washington Man Member Of Rockingham Gun Crew

"Benny" Sacks, Veteran of Vera Cruz, and Twelve of His Mates Rescued from Torpedoed Liner.

Washington's second hero of the submarine war with Germany was brought into the limelight last night when the Navy Department announced that Benjamin (Benny) Sacks, 315 M street northwest, was one of the gunners rescued when the American steamship Rockingham was sunk May 1. The District's first hero was John I. Eoplucci.

Sacks has twice braved death in the service of his country. The first time was at Vera Cruz, when he was one of the landing party which was fired upon by Mexican snipers. On that occasion he saw his comrades fall all around him, but escaped. As a gunner on the Rockingham, he saw two of his comrades sent to death by the German torpedo which sunk the ship, but himself escaped, and with twelve gun crew comrades was picked up by a British patrol boat.

Sacks is a graduate of Washington schools. His father, Isadore Sacks, a tailor, of 225 M street northwest, told a Herald reporter last night that just before his son sailed from Norfolk, he wrote, promising a long letter from the other side. Then came the news of the sinking of the Rockingham, and fearing the worst, Mr. Sacks communicated with the Navy Department in the hope of obtaining some word of his son.

Nothing was learned for several days, but yesterday the department informed the gunner's parents that he had been rescued. Benjamin Sacks joined the navy four years ago, when he was a year out of school. His enlistment expires on June 23. His father runs a tailoring establishment at 325 M street northwest, and his brother, Max Sacks, runs a grocery store next door. There are two other brothers in Washington.

Official Report Made.

Harry Margey, second assistant engineer, and William Wood, an oiler, were killed when the Rockingham was torpedoed without warning on May 1. The State Department was informed yesterday in a consular telegram. The American naval gun crew, which had been reported as missing, was picked up by a British patrol boat some hours after the thirty-three other survivors had been rescued.

The Rockingham was attacked by two U-boats. The torpedo which killed two, struck the engine room and the crew took to the boats immediately as the Rockingham began to sink rapidly. The attack occurred in the morning when the weather was clear and the forty-seven men who have been landed at English ports experienced little hardship.

The naval gun crew was in charge of Marine Willis Wood, chief gunner's mate, of Livingston, Va. The other twelve were Archibald A. Irwin, gunner's mate, first class, East Orange, N. J.; Hillard Daugherty, Careyville, Ky.; Jacob L. McCullough, Bristol, Tenn.; Joseph Aspinwall Hurley, Wis.; Charles W. Foster, Akron, Ohio; Benjamin Sacks, Washington, D. C.; Bertram E. Gibson, Fresno, Ohio; George G. Breed, St. Louis; James T. Gillingham, Gillingham, Wis.; John B. Choquette, Holyoke, Mass.; Anthony H. Dittich, Bayonne, N. J.; Alexander H. Blaisdell, Buffalo, N. Y.

STILL HOPE FOR RUSS PEACE

Copenhagen, May 5.—Hopes that a separate peace may be made with Russia are higher in Germany today than ever before.

Advices from Berlin today said that official circles in Germany are jubilant over the events in Russia for the past few days.

Ever since the old Russian government was overthrown, Germans have been in Russia working to bring about sentiment in favor of peace.

CHILEAN MINISTER QUITS

Santiago, May 5.—The resignation of the Chilean Minister to Germany was announced by the foreign office today. It was explained the cause was personal.

CHINESE MINISTER ARRESTED

Peking, May 5.—Hsu Shi-Ying, Chinese minister of communications, has been arrested, charged with corruption.

Man Miss Rankin Beat Dies of Broken Heart

Elkhart, Ind., May 5.—Jacob T. Crull, of Roundup, Mont., who was defeated for the Republican nomination for Congress by Miss Jeannette Rankin, died today following an attempt to commit suicide here last night. He left a note saying he was broken-hearted.

Will Address Reichstag Committee—Food Riots Grip Mainz—All Bohemia Under Martial Law

(By The International News Service.) Berlin, May 5.—Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg will address the Reichstag's foreign affairs committee Tuesday on the military, political, and economic situation.

His statement is expected to include an expression regarding peace.

In substance, it is believed it will be identical with his expected reply to the conservative and Socialist interpellations regarding the nature of the German peace terms.

Amsterdam, May 5.—Serious food rioting, in which eight persons were killed when troops fired on the rioters, has occurred in Mainz, Germany, according to a report received by the Telegraph.

Because of the scarcity of food, a mob of 1,000 took part in a demonstration, in which many shops were looted.

The police were unable to check the disturbances and troops were called out. They fired into the crowd.

Eight were killed outright and many were wounded.

Five hundred of the rioters were arrested by the police.

London, May 5.—All Bohemia has been placed under martial law, according to a dispatch from Prague, the Bohemian capital, to Basle newspapers.

The dispatch, transmitted by the Geneva correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph, adds all the newspapers in Bohemia have suspended publication.

BERLIN HARD ON AMERICANS

The Hague, May 5.—It was reported from Berlin today that orders have been issued for all Americans remaining in Germany to report daily to the authorities.

U. S. TO JOIN BIG WAR POOL

American Resources Will Be Apportioned Among the Entente Nations.

Resources of the United States are to be thrown into the war pool of the allies.

Late yesterday a committee was appointed to make a survey of all of the needs of the allied nations and of the resources of the United States and to apportion between the countries at war that portion of the food, munitions and industrial supplies which the United States can afford to export.

This decision was reached at a conference between Secretary of State Lansing, Secretary of Commerce Redfield, Arthur James Balfour and Lord Eustice Percy, of the British mission.

On the other hand, the allied nations, such as have been able to maintain any export trade, will pro rata their exports between the United States and the remainder of the allies.

Machinery for the distribution of the vast resources of the United States among the warring allies is already in motion.

At the head of the organization is a committee made up of Dr. E. E. Pratt, chief of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce; Lord Eustice Percy, of the British mission; and Wilbur J. Carr, chief of the Consular Division of the State Department.

Immediately a census of the resources of the United States available for export will be taken by this committee. Simultaneously the committee will be making a survey of the needs of the various allies. The two reports will then be brought together and the committee will make a pro rata distribution of the supplies.

NEW WAR MAPS OF THE WORLD

IN FOUR COLORS
ALL BATTLE FRONTS

COUPON

Presented by THE HERALD

A sixteen page set of large scale, authentic maps on extra heavy super-calendered paper for

3 COUPONS AND ONLY 25c

ADD 2 CENTS ON MAIL ORDERS

Washington Man Member Of Rockingham Gun Crew

"Benny" Sacks, Veteran of Vera Cruz, and Twelve of His Mates Rescued from Torpedoed Liner.

Washington's second hero of the submarine war with Germany was brought into the limelight last night when the Navy Department announced that Benjamin (Benny) Sacks, 315 M street northwest, was one of the gunners rescued when the American steamship Rockingham was sunk May 1. The District's first hero was John I. Eoplucci.

Sacks has twice braved death in the service of his country. The first time was at Vera Cruz, when he was one of the landing party which was fired upon by Mexican snipers. On that occasion he saw his comrades fall all around him, but escaped. As a gunner on the Rockingham, he saw two of his comrades sent to death by the German torpedo which sunk the ship, but himself escaped, and with twelve gun crew comrades was picked up by a British patrol boat.

Sacks is a graduate of Washington schools. His father, Isadore Sacks, a tailor, of 225 M street northwest, told a Herald reporter last night that just before his son sailed from Norfolk, he wrote, promising a long letter from the other side. Then came the news of the sinking of the Rockingham, and fearing the worst, Mr. Sacks communicated with the Navy Department in the hope of obtaining some word of his son.

Nothing was learned for several days, but yesterday the department informed the gunner's parents that he had been rescued. Benjamin Sacks joined the navy four years ago, when he was a year out of school. His enlistment expires on June 23. His father runs a tailoring establishment at 325 M street northwest, and his brother, Max Sacks, runs a grocery store next door. There are two other brothers in Washington.

Official Report Made.

Harry Margey, second assistant engineer, and William Wood, an oiler, were killed when the Rockingham was torpedoed without warning on May 1. The State Department was informed yesterday in a consular telegram. The American naval gun crew, which had been reported as missing, was picked up by a British patrol boat some hours after the thirty-three other survivors had been rescued.

The Rockingham was attacked by two U-boats. The torpedo which killed two, struck the engine room and the crew took to the boats immediately as the Rockingham began to sink rapidly. The attack occurred in the morning when the weather was clear and the forty-seven men who have been landed at English ports experienced little hardship.

The naval gun crew was in charge of Marine Willis Wood, chief gunner's mate, of Livingston, Va. The other twelve were Archibald A. Irwin, gunner's mate, first class, East Orange, N. J.; Hillard Daugherty, Careyville, Ky.; Jacob L. McCullough, Bristol, Tenn.; Joseph Aspinwall Hurley, Wis.; Charles W. Foster, Akron, Ohio; Benjamin Sacks, Washington, D. C.; Bertram E. Gibson, Fresno, Ohio; George G. Breed, St. Louis; James T. Gillingham, Gillingham, Wis.; John B. Choquette, Holyoke, Mass.; Anthony H. Dittich, Bayonne, N. J.; Alexander H. Blaisdell, Buffalo, N. Y.

STILL HOPE FOR RUSS PEACE

Copenhagen, May 5.—Hopes that a separate peace may be made with Russia are higher in Germany today than ever before.

Advices from Berlin today said that official circles in Germany are jubilant over the events in Russia for the past few days.

Ever since the old Russian government was overthrown, Germans have been in Russia working to bring about sentiment in favor of peace.

CHILEAN MINISTER QUITS

Santiago, May 5.—The resignation of the Chilean Minister to Germany was announced by the foreign office today. It was explained the cause was personal.

CHINESE MINISTER ARRESTED

Peking, May 5.—Hsu Shi-Ying, Chinese minister of communications, has been arrested, charged with corruption.